

Notes on Oklahoma Plants

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The names listed below that are preceded by an asterisk are thought to be newly reported for the state. The material referred to may be found in the Bebb Herbarium.

Ranunculus pusillus Poir. Two collections, one made by the late G. Thos. Robbins from Devils Den, Pennington Creek, Johnston Co., and one by Goodman from Marshall Co., extend the known range of this species in the state slightly westward. Both collections were made in late April.

***Vicia villosa** Roth forma **albiflora** (Schur) Gams. This white-flowered form was collected in McClain Co. by Olin Karch, May 30, 1960.

Melia azedarach L. This Old World tree was first reported as an escape in Oklahoma in 1936 (Little and Olmsted, 1936.) Their collection was from McCurtain Co. In the summer of 1960 this species was found as a frequent escape in a dense second growth forest two miles west of Willis, Marshall Co. (Goodman 7055).

Eryngium prostratum Nutt. A westward extension of range in the state for this species is shown by Goodman 6908 from a bog at Happy Hollow near Enos, Marshall Co., July 10, 1959.

Hydrocotyle ranunculoides L.f. This species has been collected in two locations in Marshall Co. These localities constitute a western extension of the range in the state insofar as our records show.

***Helianthemum georgianum** Chapm. This excellent find was made by Dr. Wm. T. Penfound on Island No. 2, Lake Texoma, Marshall Co., where it was collected on June 20 and July 25, 1960. These and the following species were identified by Mr. H. S. Daoud, who is revising the New World members of the genus.

***Helianthemum rosmarinifolium** Pursh. Collected near the University of Oklahoma Biological Station, Marshall Co., June 24, 1960, Goodman 7044. Both of these *Helianthemum*s are species of the southeastern United States, and have been previously collected, according to Mr. Daoud, in Arkansas and Texas.

LITERATURE CITED

Little, E. L. and C. E. Olmsted. 1936. Trees and shrubs of the southeastern Oklahoma protective unit. Proc. Okla. Acad. Sci. 16: 52-61.
